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The Death of CIFS?





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"The CIFS Protocol, dead at 18. I'm sure everyone in the CIFS community will miss it - even if you didn't enjoy working on it, there's no denying it's contributions to popular culture.

Truly an American icon."



Why would Microsoft want to kill CIFS?



Why would Microsoft want to kill CIFS?

- Microsoft has lost control of the server side of CIFS.
- The Open Source Samba implementation has prevented leveraging the client monopoly effectively onto file servers.
 - Proprietary CIFS implementations from NetApp and EMC can be controlled, GPL code cannot.
- Linux plus Samba is an effective block to Microsoft's file server expansion.

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More reasons for hitting CIFS with a blunt instrument.

- CIFS is too complex and costly to support and maintain.
 - Recent service packs have managed to break some basic interoperability.
 - CIFS semantics are so unclear in detail that it is easy to make implementation mistakes.
- ◆ To regain control and lock out Open Source code, incompatible protocol changes are needed.
- Open implementations mean it is too easy for competition to exist.



Who is allowed to exist and compete ?

- Competitors at the file system block level – SAN vendors of Fibre Channel and iSCSI are safe.....for now.
 - NTFS can be run on top of block level protocols.
 - Value can be added below the Microsoft stack, for the moment....
- ◆ The existence of NAS, other than vendors shipping SAK based product, is an irritation to Microsoft.
 - EMC appears to have been chosen as the "Dell" of NAS vendors.



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How will Microsoft try to kill CIFS?

- WinFS in the "Longhorn" Windows release will be positioned as the logical successor to CIFS.
 - Little is known about WinFS, the "SQLServer" based file system
 - Originally touted as a new file system, the latest news is that it will be implemented as a service on top of NTFS.
- My best guess is this new protocol will be encrypted as standard, and protected by software patents.
 - Microsoft won't make the same mistake twice.



How to deliver the death blow?

- Customers will be "encouraged" to migrate to WinFS by :
 - tying new Microsoft Office features to store and search features only available on WinFS.
 - Server products will detect and refuse to work with CIFS.
- Backwards compatibility will be maintained, but interop bugs with old clients will be deemphasized
 - Security alerts will recommend just "turning off CIFS". Witness the latest Windows NT 4.x "fix".



Arm twisting customers

- With a 95% client monopoly, adoption of a new proprietary protocol and migration of file servers to Windows depends on client "upgrade cycles".
- In my opinion CIFS has at least a 3 5 year life ahead of it once Longhorn ships.
 - Microsoft's job is to minimize this time.
- NAS vendors must realize every dollar spent on Microsoft products is a dollar being re-invested in putting them out of business.



What can CIFS Vendors do about this?



What can CIFS Vendors do about this?

- One option is to license the WinFS protocol from Microsoft.
 - If this is available. At what cost ?
 - Almost certainly won't be available to implement in GPL or Open Source licensed code. The intent of this will be to exclude Linux.
 - A few "preferred vendors" will be able to survive in this world by offering features and services Microsoft doesn't find currently attractive.
 - Microsoft thinking is that it returns value to developers by buying them out!



What can CIFS Vendors do about this?

- ◆ A longer term strategy is to reduce the power of Windows as a client.
 - The Linux / Mac OS X strategy.
 - Requires vendors to encourage and assist their customers in migrating from Windows desktops to an alternative.
- Allows NAS vendors to continue to ship NFS v3/v4 and any other UNIX based remote storage protocol.
 - NetApp are funding a Linux NFSv4 client.
- This requires broader application support on non-Microsoft platforms.



What can CIFS Vendors do about this ?

- NAS vendors can also help themselves by testing their servers against non-Microsoft server implementations.
 - CIFS interop lab is a vital part of this.
- Provide added value when operating with a non-Microsoft server infrastructure.
 - Supporting non-Microsoft LDAP servers (Novell NDS, OpenLDAP, etc.).
 - Supporting non-Microsoft enhancements such as the UNIX extensions to CIFS.



What makes an alternative client possible now?

- Previous client alternatives to Windows have failed (OS/2, BeOS).
 - Linux and Mac OS X desktops may finally represent a common enough platform that application vendors see a viable alternative market.
- Code not owned or controlled by any one company (the GPL in action) has finally attracted a critical mass of server vendors.
 - Will the same happen on the client ?



Hedging our bets — an Open Source CIFS Client.

- IBM has funded a GPL Linux CIFS client – running in the 2.4 and 2.5 (unstable) Linux kernel.
- Using the IFS kit and the above code it may be possible to create a Windows CIFS client.
 - This would allow the NAS/CIFS vendors to take control of both sides of their business.
 - Funding for this is more important (IMHO) than NFS clients for Linux.



Hedging our bets — an Open Source CIFS Client.

- This is a much harder task than creating a CIFS server or Linux CIFS Client.
 - It is not clear that this will be sustainable, but is worth attempting as part of a two-part strategy to stay in business.
- This has been attempted before, but only by implementing a "foreign" protocol.
 - PC-NFS was an attempt on these lines.
 - Windows NFS clients fail due to their inability to match the Windows semantics.



Can we succeed in sustaining non-SAK NAS?

- The history of NAS vendor cooperation has not been good.
 - Most vendors have appeased Microsoft in the hope someone else will fall victim first.
 - This is short-term thinking. As Churchill once said: "Each one hopes that if he feeds the crocodile enough, that the crocodile will eat him last."
- The only way to sustain our part of the industry is to cooperate on an Open Storage protocol.

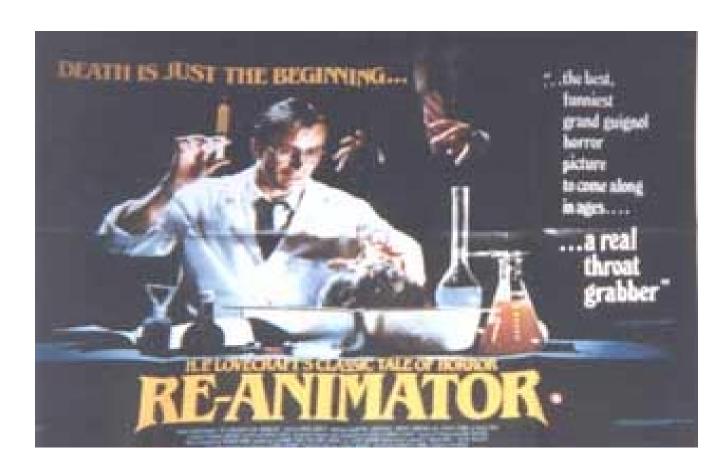


Is CIFS dead?

- ◆ CIFS, imperfect as it is, seems to be the only currently widely deployed, interoperable, client side protocol.
- We <u>need</u> CIFS more than Microsoft does.
 - But Microsoft knows this.
- The DoJ didn't help us, we can't expect the EU to help either.
 - We can only help ourselves.
 - "We must indeed all hang together, or most assuredly we will all hang separately.":
 Benjamin Franklin.



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Or can we try and keep it alive....?

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Questions and Comments